

# Async... and Generators ...chronous

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Php & Js  
Friendly



# Asynchronous programming

≠ Parallel programming

- **Asynchrony**, in computer programming, refers to the occurrence of events independent of the main program flow and ways to deal with such events.
- **Parallel** computing is a type of computation in which many calculations or the execution of processes are carried out concurrently.
- **Concurrent** computing is a form of computing in which several computations are executed during overlapping time periods—concurrently—instead of sequentially (one completing before the next starts).

# Parallel



[sheepfilms.co.uk](http://sheepfilms.co.uk)



# Asynchronous



[sheepfilms.co.uk](http://sheepfilms.co.uk)



# ASYNCHRONOUS PROGRAMMING



EVERYWHERE !

How to take/release  
« ownership » ?

No blocking wait

# EventLoop

The master process

# Events listener

Mainly for external events

```
el.addEventListener(  
  "click",  
  function() {},  
  false  
);
```

# Promises

Promises/A+

```
const promise = doSomething();
const promise2 = promise.then(
  successCallback,
  failureCallback
);
```

```
doSomething().then(function(result) {  
    return doSomethingElse(result);  
})  
.then(function(newResult) {  
    return doThirdThing(newResult);  
})  
.then(function(finalResult) {  
    console.log('Result: '+finalResult);  
});
```

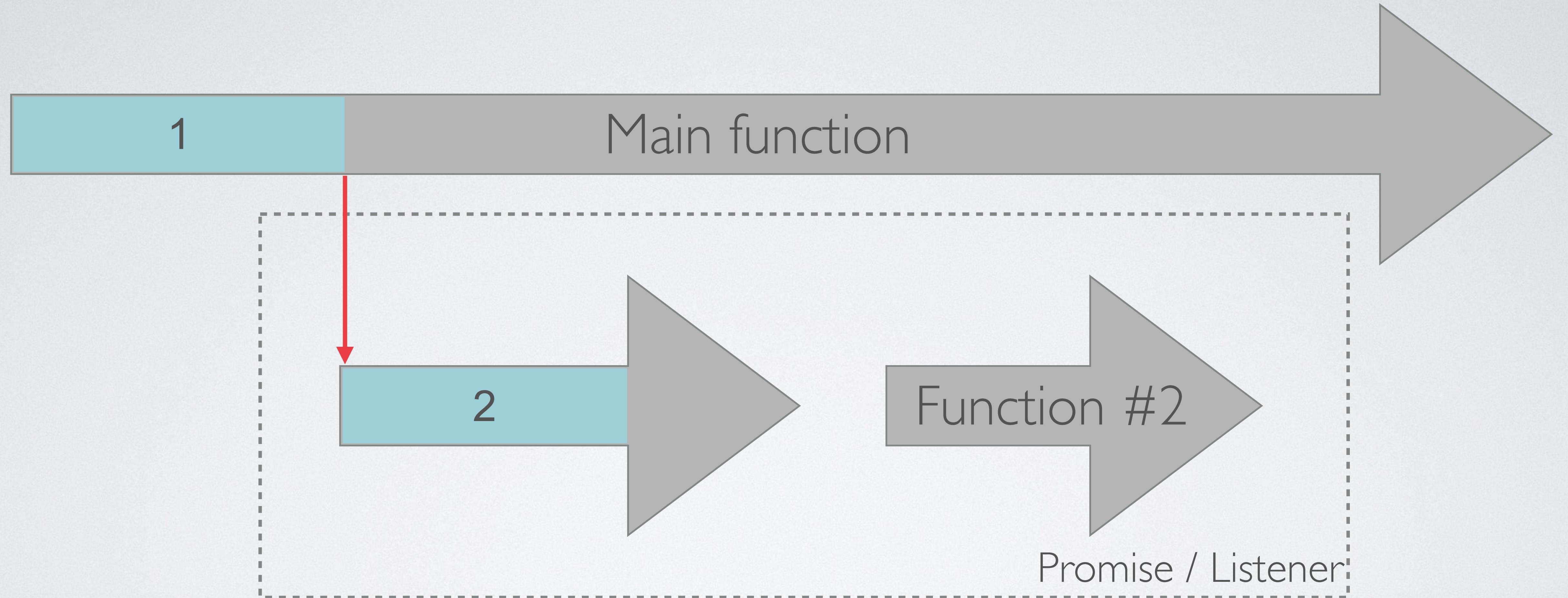
```
graph LR; Main[Main function] --> F1[Function #1]; Main --> F2[Function #2]; F1 --> PL[Promise / Listener]
```

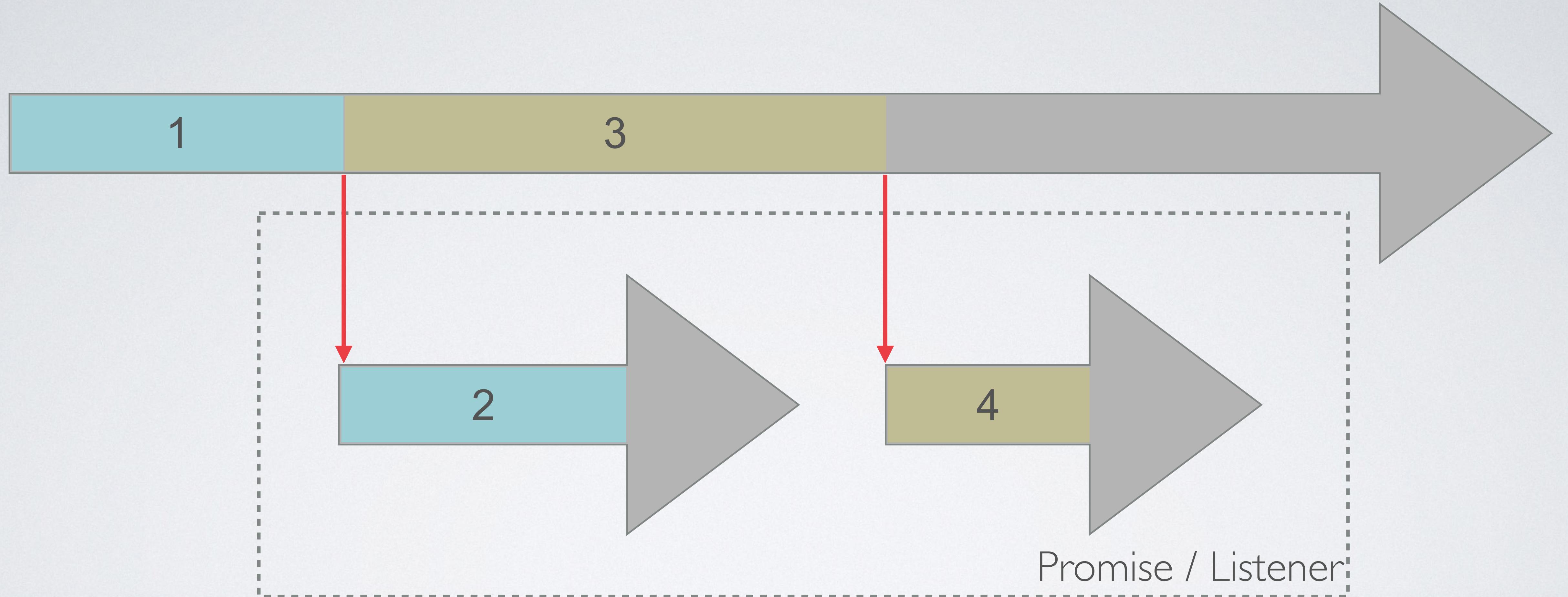
Main function

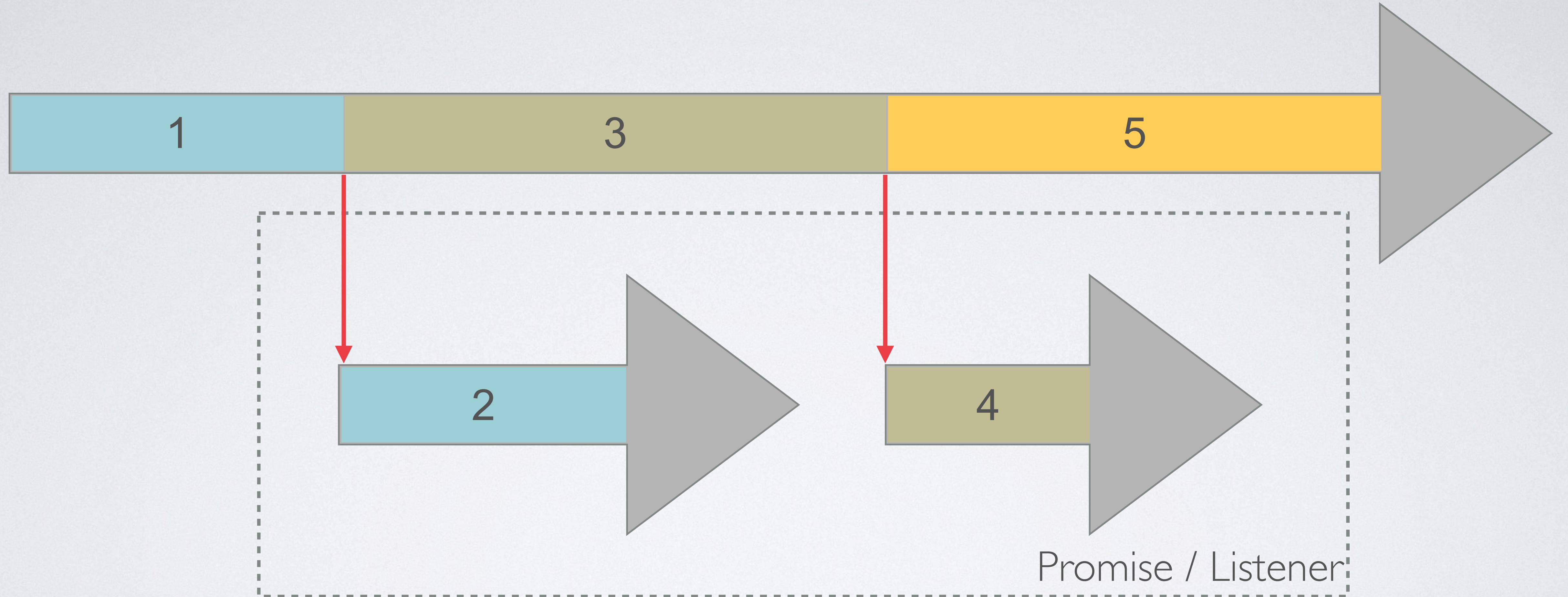
Function #1

Function #2

Promise / Listener

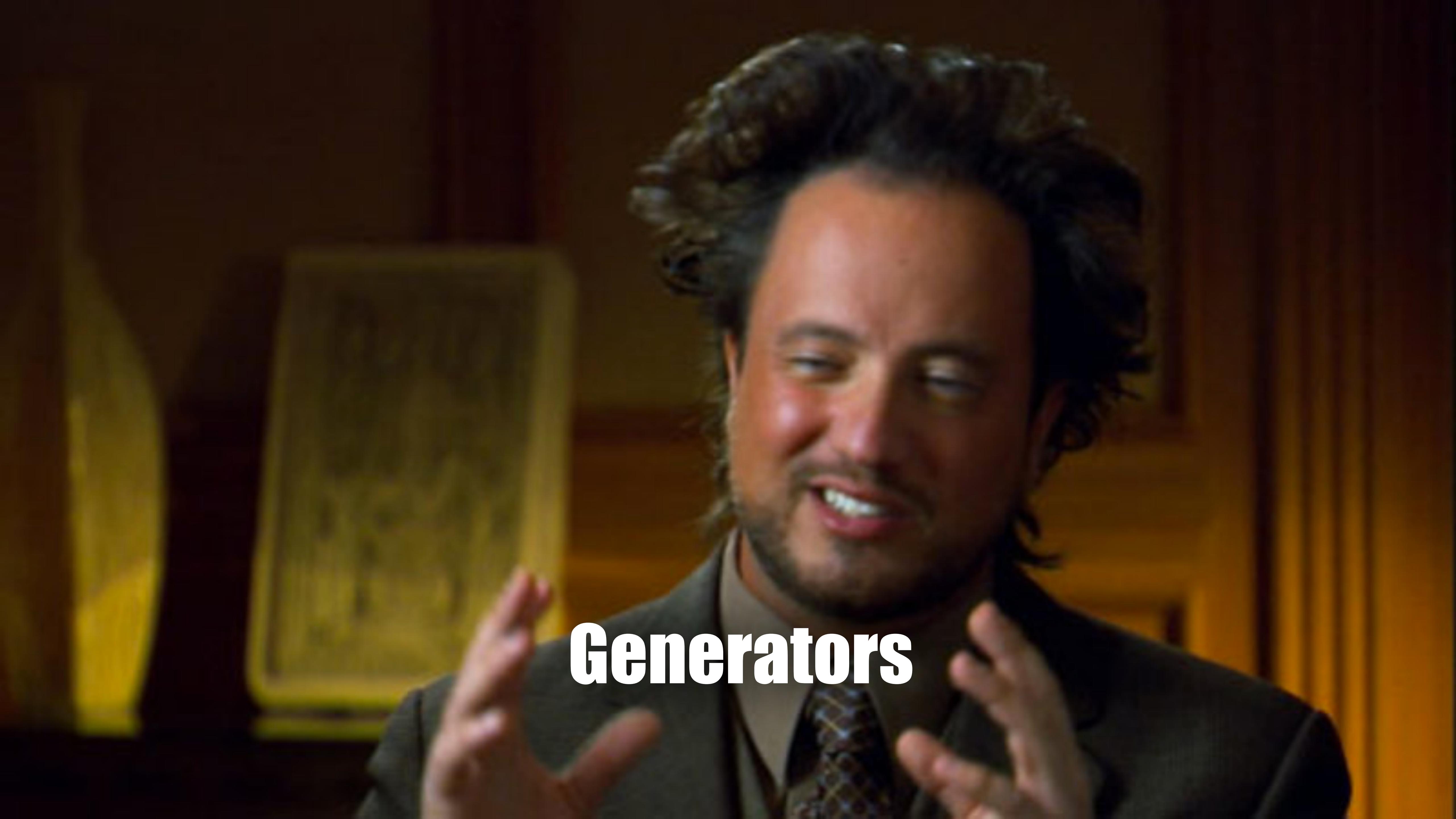






Not so bad...





# Generators

# Generators and Coroutines

```
function* idMaker() {
  var index = 0;
  while(true)
    yield index++;
}

var gen = idMaker();
console.log(gen.next().value); // 0
console.log(gen.next().value); // 1
console.log(gen.next().value); // 2
// ...
```



What if I told you  
that Generators  
could be used for  
asynchronous  
computation?

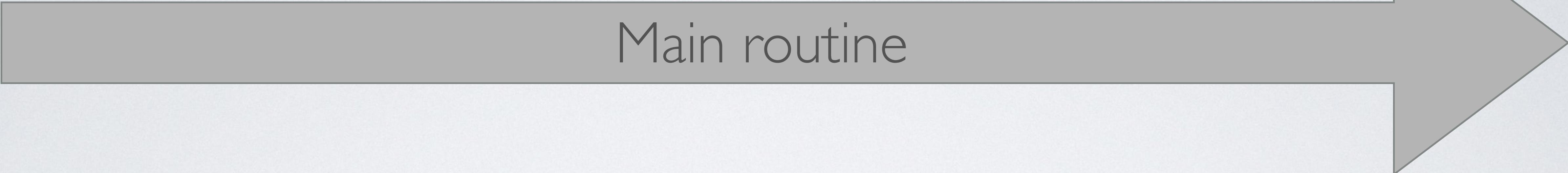
*« Generators in JavaScript -- especially when combined with Promises -- are a very powerful tool for asynchronous programming as they mitigate -- if not entirely eliminate -- the problems with callbacks, such as Callback Hell and Inversion of Control.*

***This pattern is what async functions are built on top of. »***

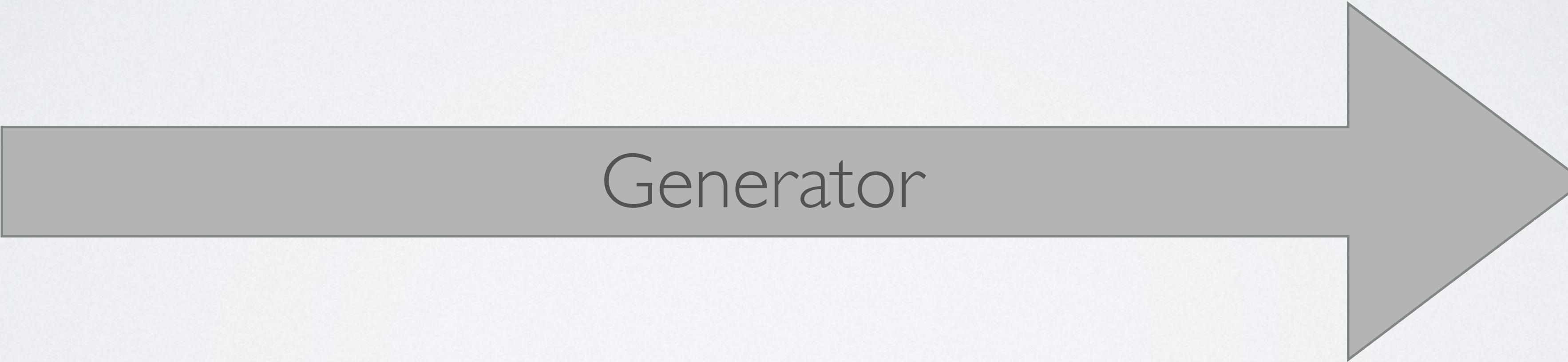
-MDN Web docs

# Example #1

## Simple workflow



Main routine



Generator

`generator.send`



1

Main routine

Generator

`generator.send`

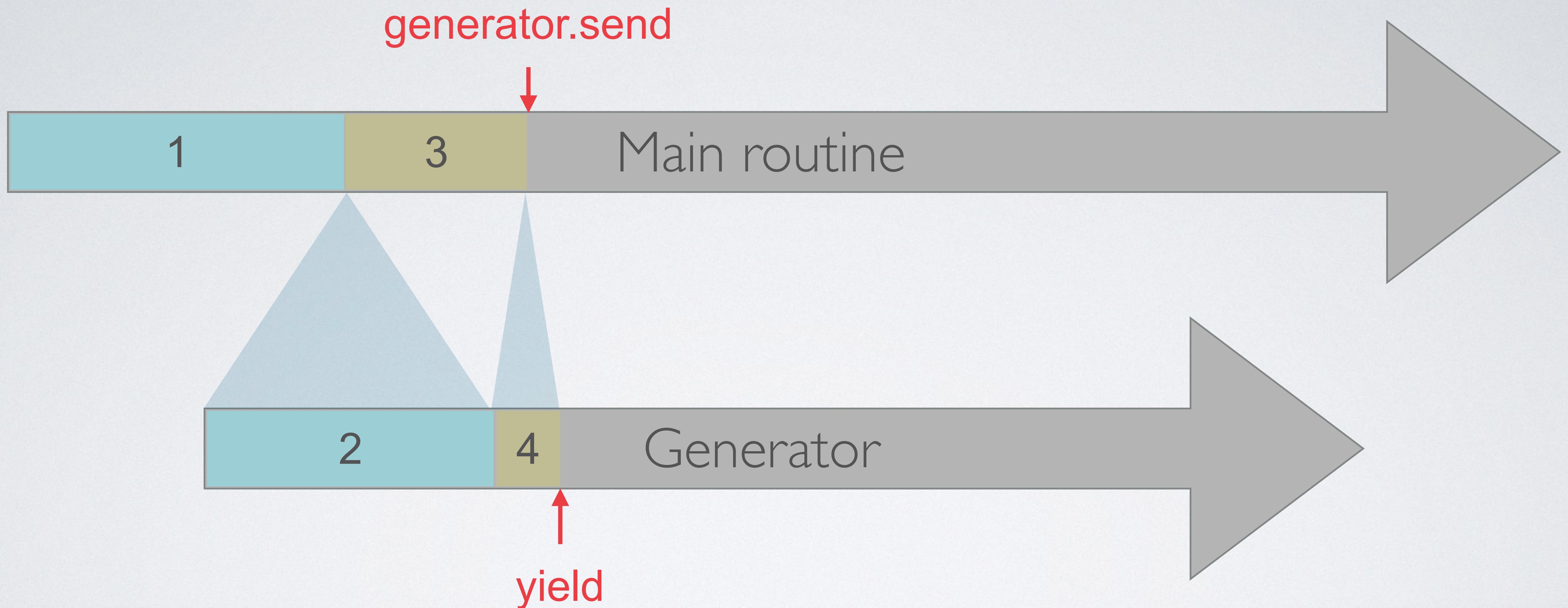
1

Main routine

2

Generator

`yield`



`generator.send`



1

3

5

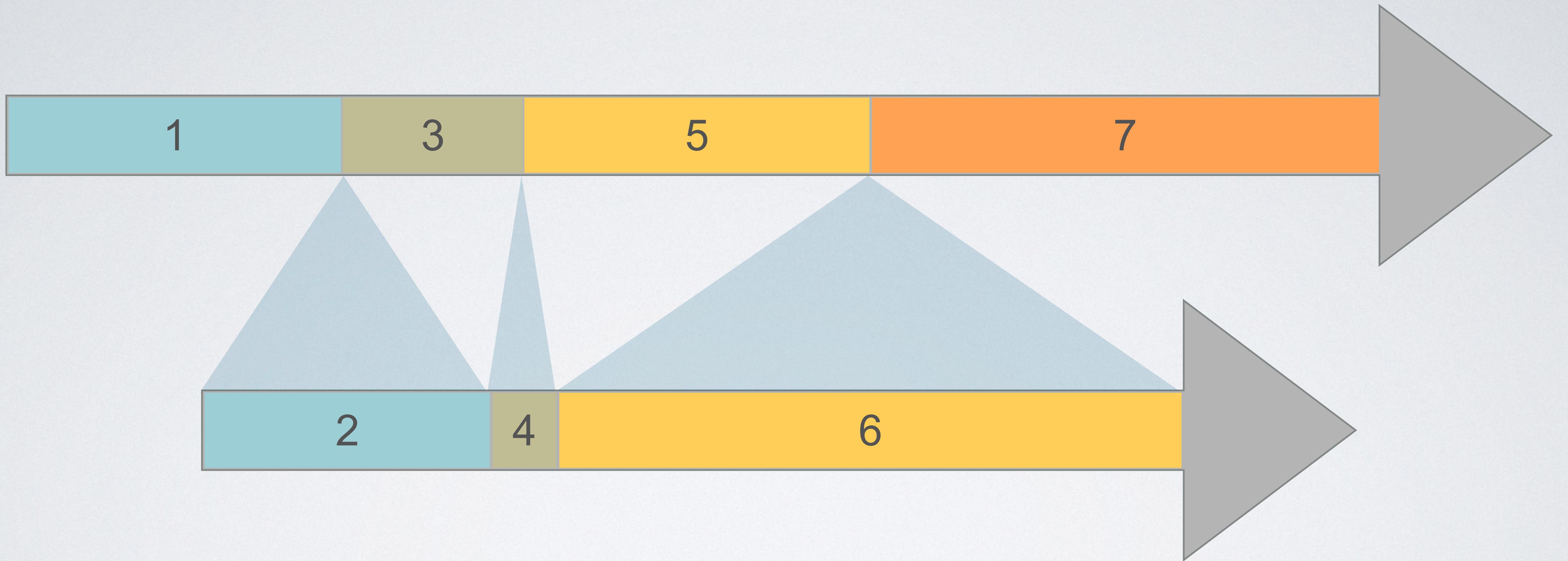
2

4

6

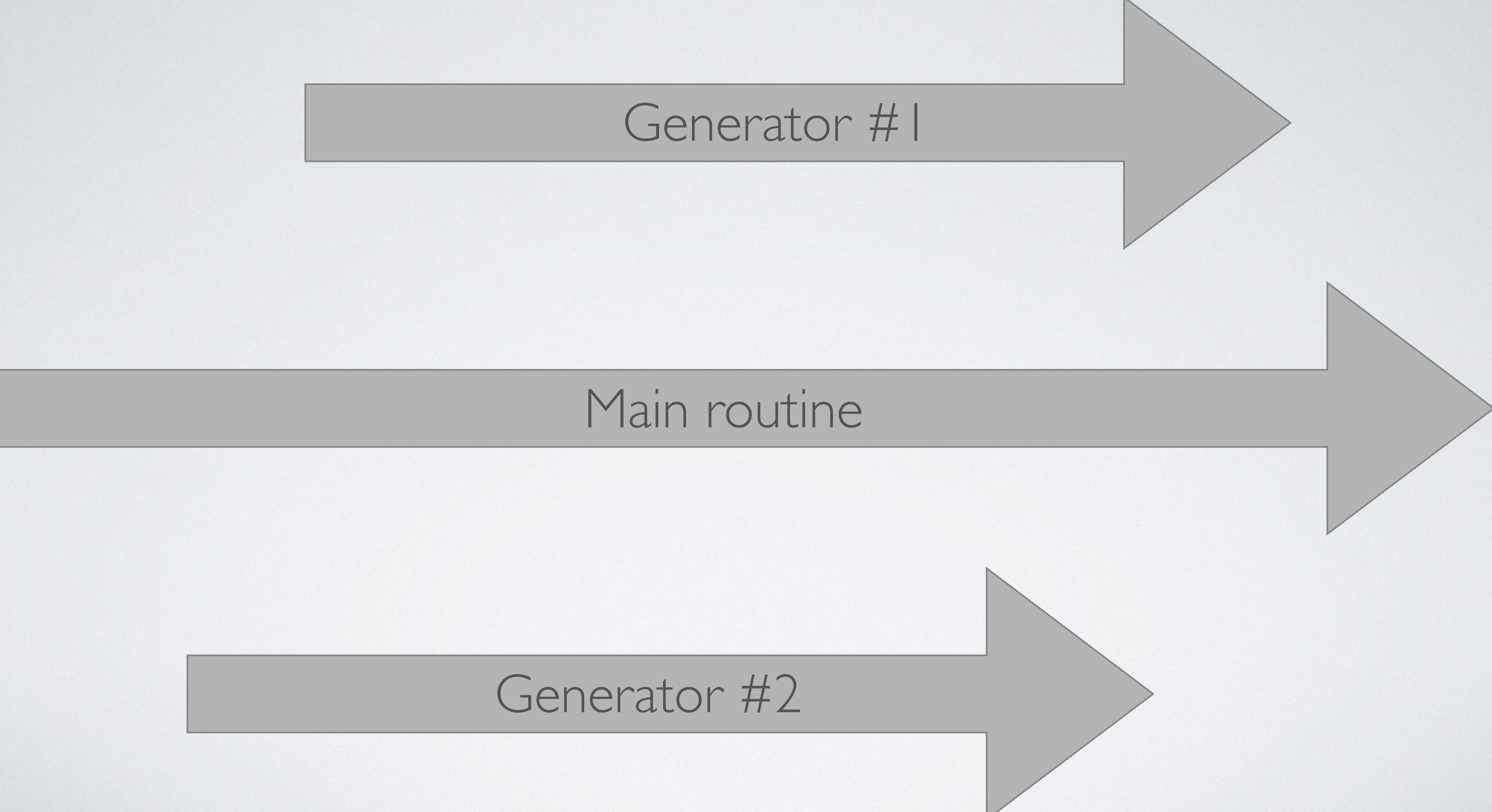
`return`





# Example #2

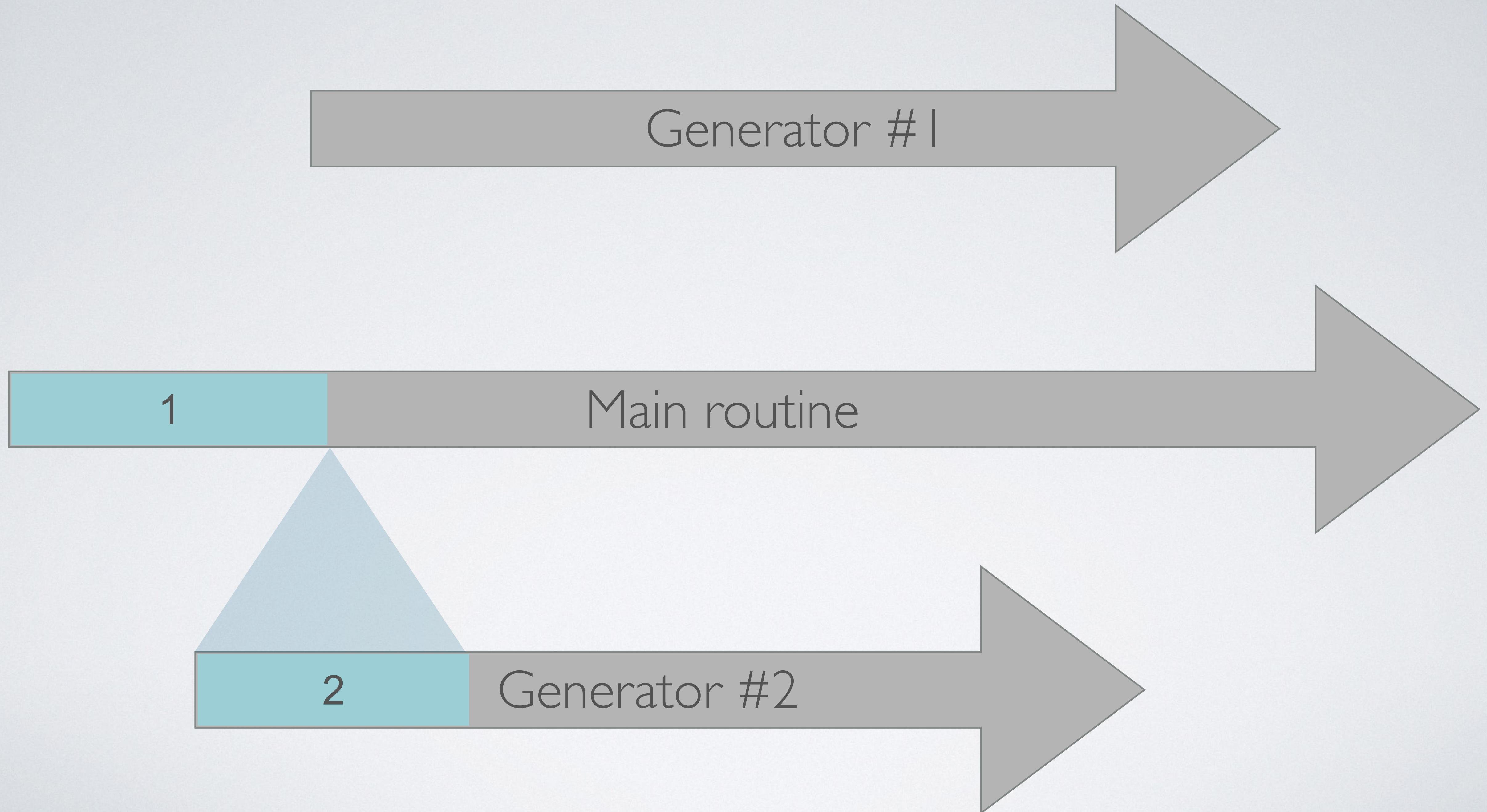
## More generators

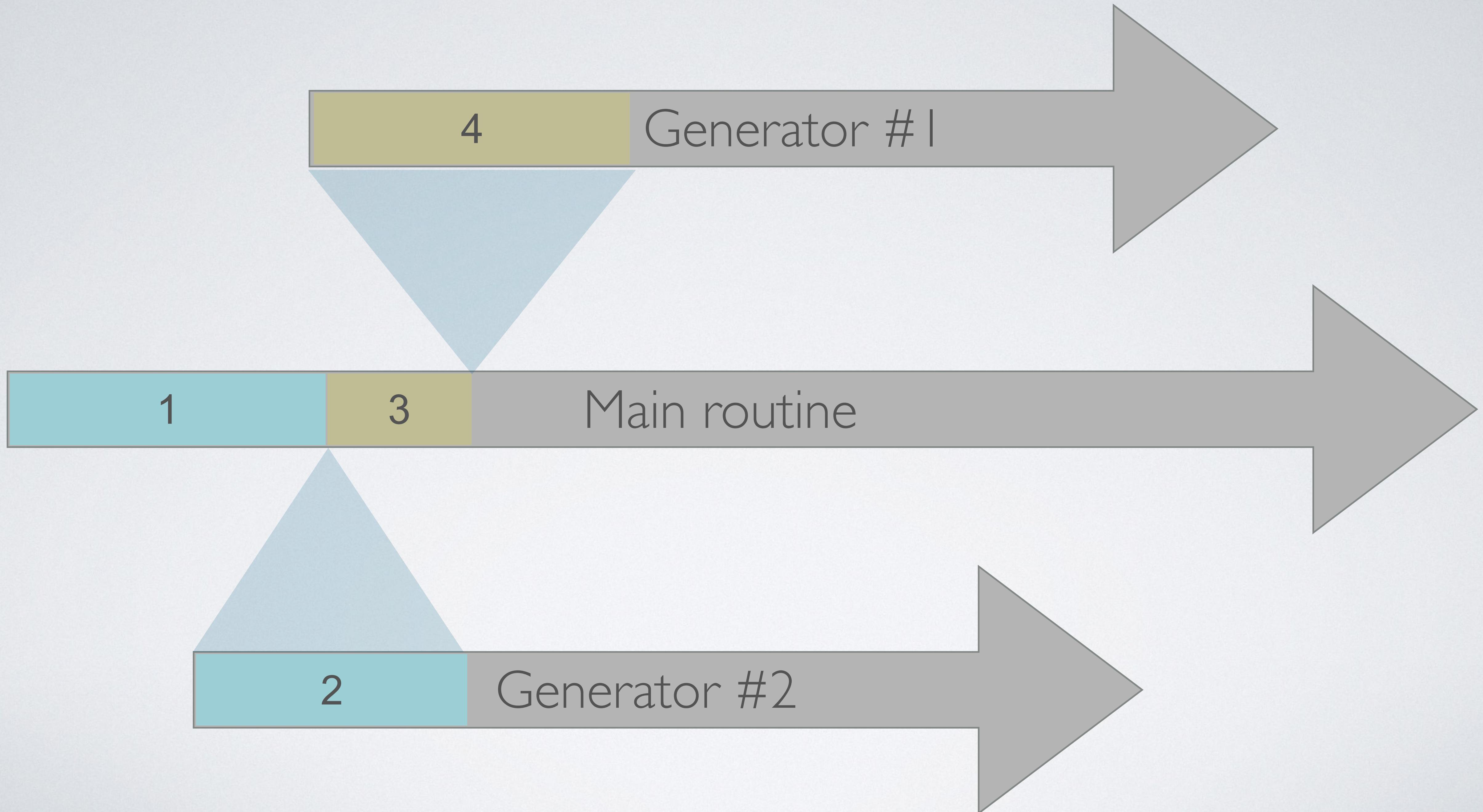


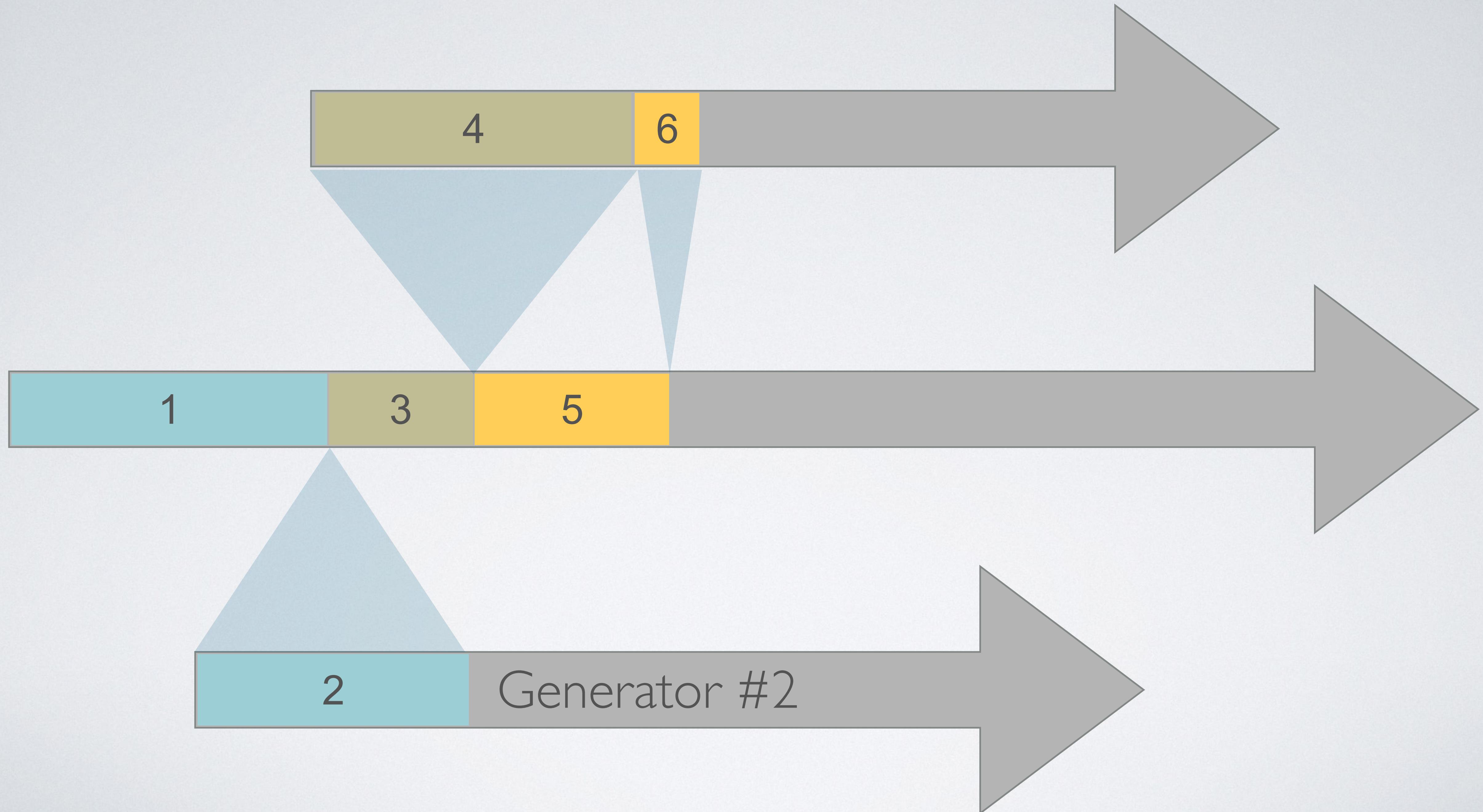
Generator #1

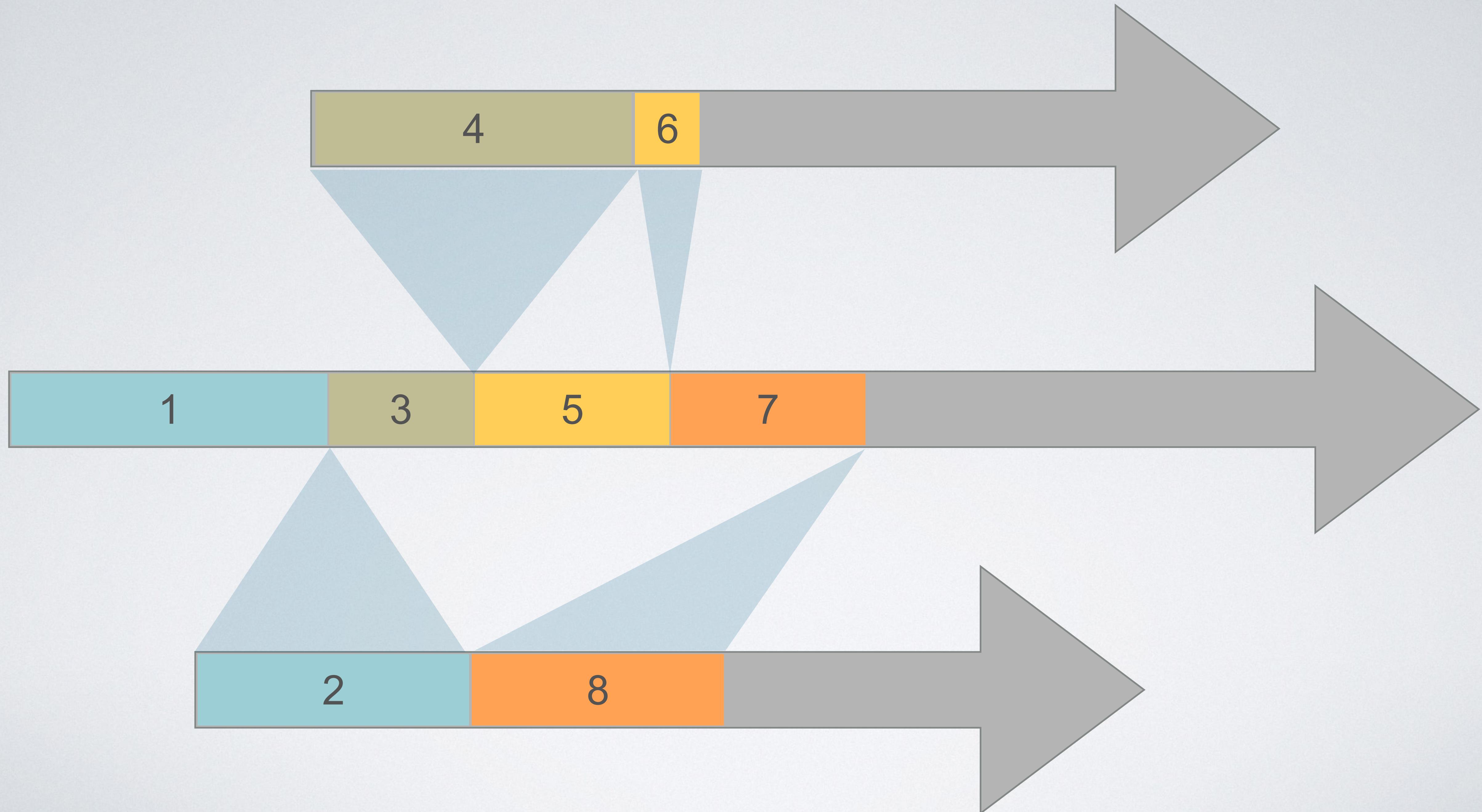
Main routine

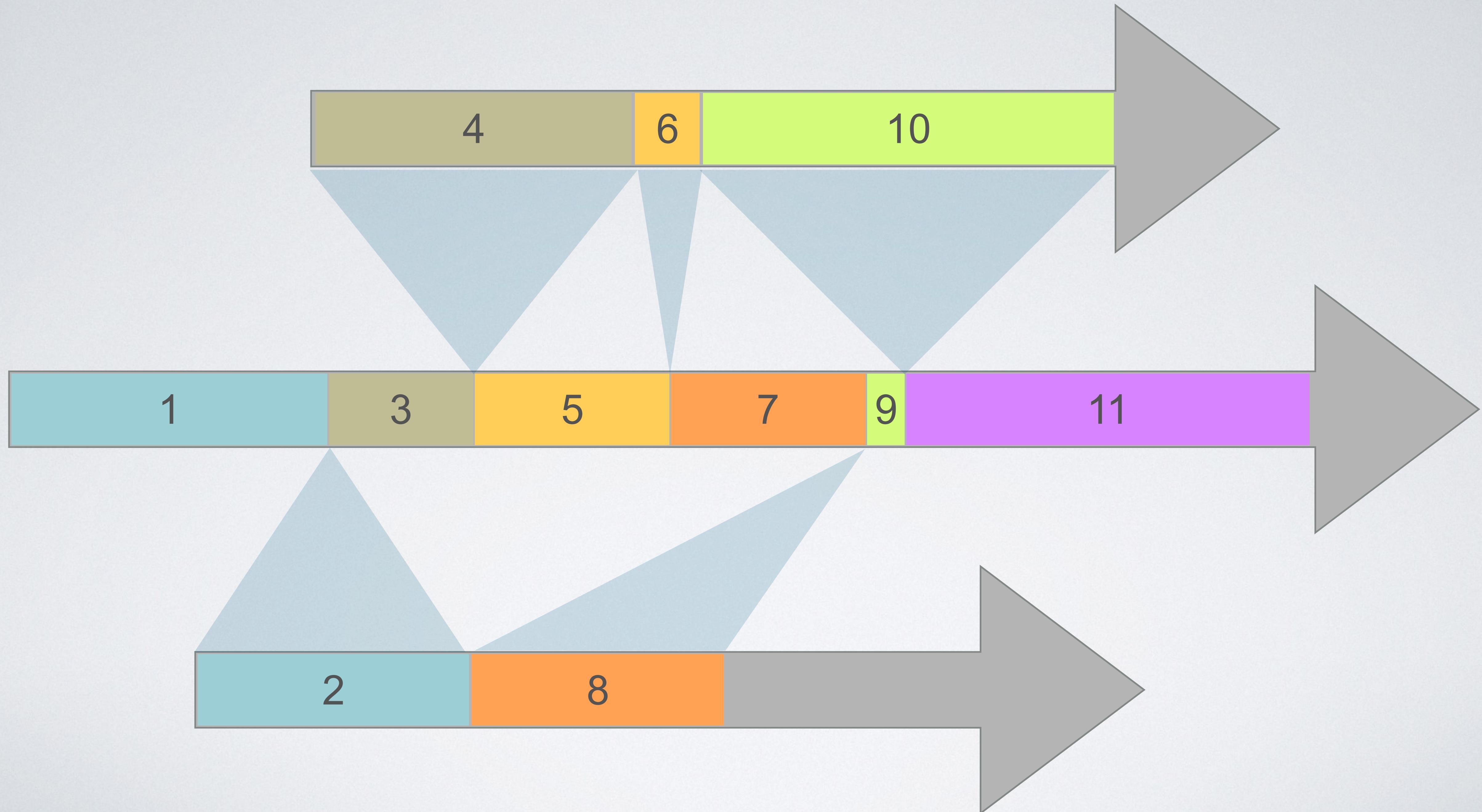
Generator #2











# Generators

Available operations

Generator implements Iterator

```
public mixed current( void )
public mixed key( void )
```

```
public mixed getReturn( void )
public bool valid( void )
```

```
public void next( void )
public mixed send( mixed $value )
public mixed throw( Throwable $e )
```

```
function myGen(int $a): \Generator {  
    $result = yield $key => $value;  
    return $data;  
}
```

```
function foo(): \Generator {  
    yield $timer->wait(100/*ms*/);  
  
    $r = yield $client->get("http://...");  
  
    return $data;  
}
```

# Event Loop

The tricky part

```
public function async(\Generator $gen)
: PromiseInterface {
    $genPromise = new Promise()
    $this->tasks[] = [$gen, $genPromise];
    return $genPromise;
}
```

```
while ($notFinished) {  
    // This is called a tick  
    foreach(  
        $this->tasks as list($gen, $genPromise)  
    ) {  
        // Treat tasks...  
    }  
}
```

```
$p = $gen->current();  
  
if (!$p instanceof PromiseInterface) {  
    throw new \Exception();  
}
```

```
switch ($p->state()) {  
    case PromiseState::SUCCESS:  
        $gen->send($p->getValue());  
        break;  
    case PromiseState::FAILURE:  
        $gen->throw($p->getException());  
        break;  
}
```

```
if (!$gen->valid()) {  
    $genPromise->resolve($g->getReturn());  
    unset($gen);  
}
```



But how are resolved blocking promises?

```
function foo(): \Generator {  
    yield $timer->wait(100/*ms*/);  
  
    $r = yield $client->get("http://...");  
  
    return $data;  
}
```

```
function tickListener() {  
    // Polling  
    if( $jobIsFinished ) {  
        $promise->resolve($value);  
    }  
}
```

# Asynchronous Events in Php

`stream_select, (stream_*)`

Threads

System call

Interruptions

extensions

....



# Generators

the weird part...

```
function myGen(): \Generator {  
    die("hard");  
    yield;  
}
```

```
$g = myGen(); // Don't die at all...  
$g->current(); // Die hard
```

```
function myGen(): \Generator {  
    // No type hinting :(  
    $var = yield "string";  
    $var = yield new MyObject();  
  
    // No more possible here :CCC  
    return 42;  
}
```



Photos by Ralph DeHaan

**SOON  
IN YOUR PROJECT !!**

Thanks!